

Code No: 58121

Set No. 1

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

IV B.Tech. II Sem., II Mid-Term Examinations, April-2014

OPERATION RESEARCH

Objective Exam

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Hall Ticket No. 

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Answer All Questions. All Questions Carry Equal Marks. Time: 20 Min. Marks: 10.

**I. Choose the correct alternative:**

1. Customer behavior in which he moves from one queue to another in a multiple channel situation is [      ]  
a) Balking                      b) reneging                      c) jockeying                      d) alternating
2. Which symbol describes the inter-arrival time distribution [      ]  
a) D                                  b) M                                  c) G                                  d) All the above
3. If EOQ is calculated but an order is then placed which is smaller than this will the variable cost [      ]  
a) Increase              b) decrease                      c) either increase or decrease      d) no change
4. Which costs can vary with order quantity [      ]  
a) unit cost only      b) Re order cost only      c) Holding cost only      d) All the above
5. The purpose of using simulation technique is to [      ]  
a) simulate a real world situation  
b) understand properties and operating characteristics of complex real life problems  
c) reduce the cost of experiment on a model of a real situation  
d) all of the above
6. Which of the following is not the special purpose simulation language [      ]  
a) BASIC      b) GPSS      c) GASP      d) SIMSCRIPT
7. As simulation is not an analytical model, therefore result of simulation must be viewed as [      ]  
a) unrealistic      b) exact      c) approximation      d) simplified
8. The important step required for simulation approach in solving a problem is to [      ]  
a) test and validate the model                      b) design the experiment  
c) conduct the experiment                      d) all of the above
9. The return function in a dynamic programming model depends on [      ]  
a) stages              b) states              c) alternatives              d) all of the above
10. A translation function is expressed as [      ]  
a)  $s_{n-1} = t_n(s_n, d_n)$                       b)  $s_n = t_n(s_{n-1}, d_{n-1})$   
c)  $s_{n+1} = t_n(s_{n+2}, d_{n+2})$                       d) all of the above

Cont.....2

**II Fill in the Blanks:**

11. The \_\_\_\_\_ referred to the number of units of an item required in each period.
12. Re order level = demand during \_\_\_\_\_ lead time.
13. \_\_\_\_\_ incurred by having demand for a product when the inventory is completely deflected.
14. As the complexity of a model increases simulation seeks to \_\_\_\_\_ the uncertainty in the model.
15. Simulation is the process of a model of a real system and conducting \_\_\_\_\_
16. Using simulation for queuing problem would be appropriate if the \_\_\_\_\_ follows a poisson distribution.
17. In the \_\_\_\_\_ the arrival of customers depends on the nature of arrival rate.
18. The \_\_\_\_\_ is controlled by both service facility and the customers.
19. The \_\_\_\_\_ distribution provides probabilities for time gap between two consecutive arrivals.
20. The payment of telephone bills by a cheque or cash is the example of dynamic \_\_\_\_\_

## Set No. 2

**IV B.Tech. II Sem., II Mid-Term Examinations, April-2014**

## Objective Exam

**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Hall Ticket No.** \_\_\_\_\_

**Answer All Questions. All Questions Carry Equal Marks. Time: 20 Min. Marks: 10.**

**I. Choose the correct alternative:**

1. Which costs can vary with order quantity [      ]  
a) unit cost only      b) Re order cost only      c) Holding cost only      d) All the above
2. The purpose of using simulation technique is to [      ]  
a) simulate a real world situation  
b) understand properties and operating characteristics of complex real life problems  
c) reduce the cost of experiment on a model of a real situation  
d) all of the above
3. Which of the following is not the special purpose simulation language [      ]  
a) BASIC      b) GPSS      c) GASP      d) SIMSCRIPT
4. As simulation is not an analytical model, therefore result of simulation must be viewed as [      ]  
a) unrealistic      b) exact      c) approximation      d) simplified
5. The important step required for simulation approach in solving a problem is to [      ]  
a) test and validate the model      b) design the experiment  
c) conduct the experiment      d) all of the above
6. The return function in a dynamic programming model depends on [      ]  
a) stages      b) states      c) alternatives      d) all of the above
7. A transition function is expressed as [      ]  
a)  $s_{n-1} = t_n(s_n, d_n)$       b)  $s_n = t_n(s_{n-1}, d_{n-1})$   
c)  $s_{n+1} = t_n(s_{n+2}, d_{n+2})$       d) all of the above
8. Customer behavior in which he moves from one queue to another in a multiple channel situation is [      ]  
a) Balking      b) reneging      c) jockeying      d) alternating
9. Which symbol describes the inter-arrival time distribution [      ]  
a) D      b) M      c) G      d) All the above
10. If EOQ is calculated but an order is then placed which is smaller than this will the variable cost [      ]  
a) Increase      b) decrease      c) either increase or decrease      d) no change

## Cont....2

**II Fill in the Blanks:**

11. As the complexity of a model increases simulation seeks to \_\_\_\_\_ the uncertainty in the model.
12. Simulation is the process of a model of a real system and conducting \_\_\_\_\_
13. Using simulation for queuing problem would be appropriate if the \_\_\_\_\_ follows a poisson distribution.
14. In the \_\_\_\_\_ the arrival of customers depends on the nature of arrival rate.
15. The \_\_\_\_\_ is controlled by both service facility and the customers.
16. The \_\_\_\_\_ distribution provides probabilities for time gap between two consecutive arrivals.
17. The payment of telephone bills by a cheque or cash is the example of dynamic \_\_\_\_\_
18. The \_\_\_\_\_ referred to the number of units of an item required in each period.
19. Re order level = demand during \_\_\_\_\_ lead time.
20. \_\_\_\_\_ incurred by having demand for a product when the inventory is completely deflected.

### Set No. 3

**IV B.Tech. II Sem., II Mid-Term Examinations, April-2014**

## Objective Exam

**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Hall Ticket No.** \_\_\_\_\_

**Answer All Questions. All Questions Carry Equal Marks. Time: 20 Min. Marks: 10.**

**I. Choose the correct alternative:**

1. Which of the following is not the special purpose simulation language [      ]

a) BASIC    b) GPSS    c) GASP    d) SIMSCRIPT
2. As simulation is not an analytical model, therefore result of simulation must be viewed as [      ]

a) unrealistic    b) exact    c) approximation    d) simplified
3. The important step required for simulation approach in solving a problem is to [      ]

a) test and validate the model                          b) design the experiment  
c) conduct the experiment                          d) all of the above
4. The return function in a dynamic programming model depends on [      ]

a) stages                  b) states                  c) alternatives                  d) all of the above
5. A transition function is expressed as [      ]

a)  $s_{n+1} = t_n(s_n, d_n)$                           b)  $s_n = t_n(s_{n-1}, d_{n-1})$   
c)  $s_{n+1} = t_n(s_{n+2}, d_{n+2})$                           d) all of the above
6. Customer behavior in which he moves from one queue to another in a multiple channel situation is [      ]

a) Balking                  b) reneging                  c) jockeying                  d) alternating
7. Which symbol describes the inter-arrival time distribution [      ]

a) D                          b) M                          c) G                          d) All the above
8. If EOQ is calculated but an order is then placed which is smaller than this will the variable cost [      ]

a) Increase                  b) decrease                  c) either increase or decrease    d) no change
9. Which costs can vary with order quantity [      ]

a) unit cost only    b) Re order cost only    c) Holding cost only    d) All the above
10. The purpose of using simulation technique is to [      ]

a) simulate a real world situation  
b) understand properties and operating characteristics of complex real life problems  
c) reduce the cost of experiment on a model of a real situation  
d) all of the above

## Cont....2

**II Fill in the Blanks:**

11. Using simulation for queuing problem would be appropriate if the \_\_\_\_\_ follows a poisson distribution.
12. In the \_\_\_\_\_ the arrival of customers depends on the nature of arrival rate.
13. The \_\_\_\_\_ is controlled by both service facility and the customers.
14. The \_\_\_\_\_ distribution provides probabilities for time gap between two consecutive arrivals.
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16. The \_\_\_\_\_ referred to the number of units of an item required in each period.
17. Re order level = demand during \_\_\_\_\_ lead time.
18. \_\_\_\_\_ incurred by having demand for a product when the inventory is completely deflected.
19. As the complexity of a model increases simulation seeks to \_\_\_\_\_ the uncertainty in the model.
20. Simulation is the process of a model of a real system and conducting \_\_\_\_\_

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Set No. 4

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

IV B.Tech. II Sem., II Mid-Term Examinations, April-2014

OPERATION RESEARCH

Objective Exam

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Hall Ticket No. 

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**Answer All Questions. All Questions Carry Equal Marks. Time: 20 Min. Marks: 10.**

**I. Choose the correct alternative:**

1. The important step required for simulation approach in solving a problem is to [      ]  
a) test and validate the model                      b) design the experiment  
c) conduct the experiment                      d) all of the above
2. The return function in a dynamic programming model depends on [      ]  
a)stages              b) states              c) alternatives              d) all of the above
3. A translation function is expressed as [      ]  
a)  $s_{n-1} = t_n(s_n, d_n)$                       b)  $s_n = t_n(s_{n-1}, d_{n-1})$   
c)  $s_{n+1} = t_n(s_{n+2}, d_{n+2})$                       d) all of the above
4. Customer behavior in which he moves from one queue to another in a multiple channel situation is [      ]  
a) Balking                      b) reneging                      c) jockeying                      d) alternating
5. Which symbol describes the inter-arrival time distribution [      ]  
a) D                      b) M                      c) G                      d) All the above
6. If EOQ is calculated but an order is then placed which is smaller than this will the variable cost [      ]  
a) Increase              b) decrease                      c) either increase or decrease      d) no change
7. Which costs can vary with order quantity [      ]  
a) unit cost only      b) Re order cost only      c) Holding cost only      d) All the above
8. The purpose of using simulation technique is to [      ]  
a) simulate a real world situation  
b) understand properties and operating characteristics of complex real life problems  
c) reduce the cost of experiment on a model of a real situation  
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9. Which of the following is not the special purpose simulation language [      ]  
a) BASIC      b) GPSS      c) GASP      d) SIMSCRIPT
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a) unrealistic      b) exact      c) approximation      d) simplified

**Cont.....2**

**II Fill in the Blanks:**

11. The \_\_\_\_\_ is controlled by both service facility and the customers.
12. The \_\_\_\_\_ distribution provides probabilities for time gap between two consecutive arrivals.
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